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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

HURSDAY, TULY 1785.

LISBON, March 12.

Y the ship N. S. de la Piedad, or Briode Mar, just arrived in this port, we have admarkal Francisco-Antonio de Veiga Cabrai. Government is shortly expected to publish the particulars of these events, so konourable to the Portuguese na-

MADRID, April 1. The galleons from the Spanish sentements in S. uth-America brought pearls to the amount of about twelve hundred thousand livres in the mount of about tweete infinite the fame value in eme-course of last year, and about the fame value in eme-rison, together with more than two millions of ame-taysis, and other precious stones. To the returns in 1754, from the same quarter, are to be added skins, occureal, and indigo, to the value of about two milli-ors of livies tournois, besides large sums in gold and

VIENNA, April z. It has been reported for some days that our accommodation with the Dutch, was enitly terminated, and that the most important points, they terminated, and that the most important points, addeen been agreed on; but these rumours were presenter, and after the frequent irrefolutions of our cour, we cannot, yet foreign how all matters will be saily settled; though a war with Holland appears at prient but of little advantage, if not dangerous and aggregatable.

aprofitable.
PARIS, April 13. We have accounts from India, that which feet is defined to render the Dutch forces much feet in the Indian ocean. Every one here is defined to fee the united provinces agmenting their forces by lea and land. I he alliance which will be considered upon between our court and thirpower immediately after fetting of their differences will the emperor, will form fuch a union of forces mattefources as will put both powers out of danger from the defigus of any fovereign of Europe to their

distranage.

Virial Lles, deril 17. The fieur Doray, an officer of crant, had the 15th inftant the honour to present to taking a clock of his own invention, which was executed by the fieur Lamy Gonge, of Verfailles. The governmoning the clock represents a Montgolfier, or baloos, which every Sunday at the last stroke of twelve, rist from the marole pedeital, and takes up a gallery is thick are feen figures representing two aerial travelles. To the ingenuity of the device, this work adds run fall in the execution. rat fail in the execution.

LONDON,

On Saturday evening an express arrived at the foreign kentary's office, St. James's, from the earl of Chester-ed, his majesty's ambassador at Madrid; which, on cont of the importance of its contents, was immedi-

keent of the importance of its contents, was immeditally carried to the king at Windlor?. Apaper in the manner of a betto Hadron the court of Midrid, is come over by this conveyance, in which i leans the catholic king is become an acculer, in the after of the British logwood cutters on the Musquito hore, where it is infilted the British settlets were the six aggressors; that they have gone beyond their stipulated boundaries; ill-treating the subjects of Spain, and thing the officers of his catholic majesty with insult and abolisce. I has is the account which does Galvez, goraraor of the Havanna, has transmitted him to Spain, and which is likely to become a bone of contention better the two powers, unless it is speedily settled. eta the two powers, unless it is speedily settled.

May 3. A letter from a gentleman at Campvere to its fine dat exberdeen, fay 3, "You may depend on it fine dat exberdeen, fay 3, "You may depend on it settles will be fettled between the emperor and this contry. The Amiterdamers are for granting the mapron's demands, and have prevailed on three other of the provinces to join them. This province (Zealand) are provided against it, but to no outpole, as we are in is protelled against it, but to no purpose, as we are in the minerity; so that the imperial Joseph will at last

The Portuguese have been engaged for some time ad in fliengthening the garrifons in South-America, a the court of Lisbon, as well as that of Madrid, excitate the enterprising genius of the new states will and the control of the new states will be the control of the new states will be the control of the new states will be the control of the new states in that tale fome ditturbance among their fettlements in that

The Spanish court treats the Americans with more are common civility; the truth is, they dread a rup-are with them of all things, as it must prove fatal to eir fouthern potlessions.

It is the general opinion at Gibraltar, according to It is the general opinion at Gibraitar, according to be last letters, that neither the town of Algers, the ships in the harbour, will be materially dameed by the attach which is meditating against them. Answerp still rem in a neglected state, some few estiers have arrived there since the emperor advanced is claim to the navigation of the Scheld, but it is not expected that the appearance of that city will be naterially stranged, till, the Scheld is absolutely cleared.

The Dutch are industriously employed in putting heir navy on a respectable spotting; they give out, that are not a future war; they will always have between hirly and forty fail of the line ready to put into com-

mission at a floot notice.

Great expectations of success are entertained by the panish engineers from some new constructed butteries in the nature of rafts, which are to act against the Altitude on the next bumbardment.

According to accounts from the continent, the treaty lately ratified between France and Holland, is particularly defigned to prevent all future union of the Dutch with this country; and we understand that one leading article in it stipulates a mutual affistance of 15 fail of the

line, in case of a war.
A letter from Paris, dated April 22, says, " Yesterday being appointed for delivering the shares of t e new East-India company, the concounte of people assembled on the occasion was so great, that many were in great danger of louing their lives by the excessive pressure of

Extrad of a letter from Cadix, April 8.

A few days ago, a ship from Bourdeaux was chased into this port by an Algerine bark or 18 guns, and tuit of men; a king's frigate of 32 guns, slipped her cables, and went immediately in puriout of the rover, which in a short time she came up with, and poured a whole broad side into the pirate, which stemmed to do them confiderable damage, as they appeared to be in great confusion; however, they returned the fainte, and a most detperate and bloomy conflict entued, which lasted upwards of four glasses. During this time a floop of war came up, which had been dispatched after the sight, and kept up such as incessant and well directed fire on the Barbarians, as carried away their main mail by the board, and kined them a great number of men. But notwithitan ing the displed fine they were in, the Algetines would not strike, but endeavoured to grapple the sloon, when, finding that vain, and likew se impossible to resist the king's ships any longer, they set sie to the powder, and blew themselves up, together with a number of christian slives on board, who all perished?

May 4. The Irish, says our correspondent, have clear heads and good hearts; but the virtue of the nation is eclipted, and its wildom defeated, by deligning tion is eclipted, and its wildom defeated, by deligning ind viduals, who, taking advantage of the times, lacrifice the happiness of their country to gratify their own nefarious purpoles. Under falle pretences, they weakly, or rather wickedly, irritate, instead of healing, the wount given to the public tranquility. It shole mock patriots really have at heart the honour of their country, and with for an early and effectual remedy to the evils complained of, why do they not, by a wise appeal to the authorities of the state, wait patiently until the legislature can constitutionally comply with whatever may be thought conducive to the welfare of whatever may be thought conductive to the welfare of the kingdom of fretance.

Although, continues our correspondent, delays in physic and politics are dangerous in critical cases, yet precipitance is, perhaps, more calamitous, by rashiy going heading into measures before time is given to consider what is the true litate of the disorder, and what is most like y to produce a lafe and effectual remedy.

Advice is received from Barcelona, that three Spanish

men of war had fallen in with three large Moorish cor-tairs in the Med.terranean, and after a smart engage-ment took them all three, carried them into port, and

confined the crews in prison.

Extra@ of a letter from the Hague, April 27.

"All the provinces have agreed to the proposal made by the province of Holland, to hold extraordinary afby the province of Holland, to hold extraordinary affemblies, for the confideration of, and remedying the actures, which have crept into the administration. And the states general have entered into a resolution, in confequence of this unanimity, that every province shall be requested to tend deputies chosen from the members or its government. While foreigners, particularly in Germany, are auxious to spread about the rejort that anarchy and disorder prevail throughout the republic, every one who reflects with coolness and impartiality on what pass she fore him, must be attonished that so many measures of expediency are proposed ed that so many measures of expediency are proposed and carried into execution, and that during the holding of negotiations with one of the most confiderable powers in Europe, and amidst so many cares and concerns in Europe, and amidst so many cares and concerns in cident to the internal state of the republic. And if the fame unanimity, the fame harmony, which has enabled the contederates to appoint these new conferences, con tinue to prevail while they are held, this ara, however critical and alarming, will appear to the eyes of posterity as one of the most giorious in the annals of our coun-

The contents of the dispatches brought by the courier on the aith, from our ambassadors in France, were communicated by their high mightiness to the respective confederates, that they may give the r advice as to the demon is made on the part of the court of Vienna. For some time the marquis de Verac, the French ambassador, has received no express from his court, and the dispatches which he has received during the last and the dispatches which he has received during the last eight days, have been brought by the ordinary post. We are certainly informed that, according to the contents of these dispatches, our hopes of peace are in some measure disappointed, although they have not altogether sailed; on the contrary, we have reason to believe, that the fresh causes of delay are rather matters of sorm, than

the fresh causes of delay are rather matters of form, than any superior of the decision of this difference, the republic lotes no time in putting their possessions in the state of the best defence. He state their possessions in the state of the best defence. He state the state of the best defence are not to be admitted, unless the principals are absent on the affairs of the company.

It is thought that the intention is, not only to hours. It is thought that the intention is, not only to make several changes and recome among the troops because of the state, but also to catability, a same near longing to the state, but also to catability, a same near longing to the state, but also to catability, a same near longing the state of the state, but also to catability. The state of the state any I porta t question of hostisty.

White we are waiting anxiously for the decision of this difference, the republic loses no time in putting their possessions in the state of the best defence. The state of the best defence. The state of the best defence western which has conference western which has conference western which has conference western. muke feveral changes and reignos among the troops nemake feveral changes and reignos among the feveral changes are reignost nemake feveral changes and reignost nemake feveral

holder will affift in person on this occasion, and M. de Malilebois is to lodge at Waalwyk, where the head-quarters will be. This camp, which will be completed by next July, will consist of 34 battalions of infantry, and nearly all the cavalry now in the service. All the regiments of infantry are to complete their companies of grenadiers, and a certain number of their companies of services.

regiments of infinitry are to complete their companies of grenadiers, and a certain number of companies of fuffiliers; a proper detachment of artillery is ordered for the fame place. The generals who are to command under his highness and under M. de Maillebois, plenot yet named. They will be in number, slieuterant generals, and so major-generals.

May 5. When Rome was poor, Rome was virtuous—the could boalt a Fabricius and many more worthes, all ready to facrifice private confiderations for the good of the public. But when Rome became rich, the fenator and citizens grew voluptuous—riches engeniered luxury, and luxury introduced civil duffention. It was the prodigality or Cataline which suggested the murder of the the senators and consuls—and the same cause in our day has led profligates of a similar cast to attempt the ruin of the constitution. It is poverty and distress which makes patriots, and introduces all the tactions we have to depiore.

we have to deplore.

To die in the laft ditch, was the animated language of

we have to deplore.

To die in the last ditch, was the animated language of William the third, when prince of Orange, and the same idea seems to prevail with their high mightinesses at the present hour. It is but justice to observe, that they have acted hitherto with apparent fortitude and firmness. They have recruited their forces with indefatigable industry, and used every exertion within the last three months to repair and strenthen their fortifications. They have beside called forth private subteri, thous for the public service, and made every possible prepara ion to detend their country, that the love of liberty, and all the provincial prejudices can inspire.

The remark of Pyrrhus on the conquered Romans, that they were all wounded before, should be read at the head of every Dutch regiment prior to action; because we have a hasty record in Mailborough's wars, that the heroes of that day, were not so particular, for, in the language of Falstass, "they backed their friends by shewing their backs."

Although the conditions of peace between the emperor and the Dutch, are not fixed, yet the basis of the treaty is entirely agreed upon: the emperor has carried his point, in appearance; it being allowed, that the internal navigation of the Scheld shall be opened to his imperial majesty's slag, and that of no other nation. The secret conditions of the treaty are, that the emperor agrees that no ship, above a certain bulk, shall be built in his dominions. A sum of money, not yet determined, is to be paid by Holland; and the republic, in the present situation of things, will gladly embrace the opportunity of recovering its consequence by a treaty, which is to be guaranteed by the empress of Russia, and the kings of France and Prussia.

May 6. The following is a summary of the regulations of the sequence of the regulations of the sequence of the regulations of the regulations of the sequence of the regulations of the regulations of the sequence of the regulations of the sequence of the regulations of the regulations

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May 6. The following is a fuminary of the regulations of the newly established French East India company, as contained in the arret of April 20.

21. All the privileges of the old East-India company shall be transferred to the new, for the term of fiven years, reckoning from the time of the departure of the first fleet for India; the years of war are not to be reckoned, and when a peace is concluded, the privilege shall be prolonged for as many years as the war has subsisted. subfifted.

2. The ifles of France and Bourbon are not comprehended in the exclusive privilege, and the inhabitants of those colonies may, in concurrence with the company, carry on trade from one place of India to

another.

3. All private equipments begun, completed, or on their voyage, shall have the space of 24 months allowed them to carry on their trade and to return to l'Orient, but to no other port.

4. All the operations of the new company shall be the state of the sea administrators, who shall be approved.

directed by 12 administrators, who shall be approved by the king.

5. The stock is limited to 20 millions, fix of which 5. The stock is limited to 20 millions, fix of which are to be furnished by the 22 administrators, each putting in 500,000 livres, or 500 shares of 1000 livres, for which proper vouchets shall be given to those who are desirous of being adventurers.

6. Each administrator shall deposit in his own name, during the time of his administration, 250 shares in the treasure of the commany.

treasury of the company.
7. The 20 millions shall be a pledge to satisfy the

7. The 20 minimum had on a people to fairly the engagements of the company.

8. Mefficurs Girardot, Haller, and Co. at Paris, and J. J. Berard and Co. at l'Orient, thall be providionally the receivers of the money contributed by the advent turers:

9. The dividends shall be made from the next pro-fits, deducting the charges, the losses known or ap-prehended, and insurance; in no case shall the capital be broke into.